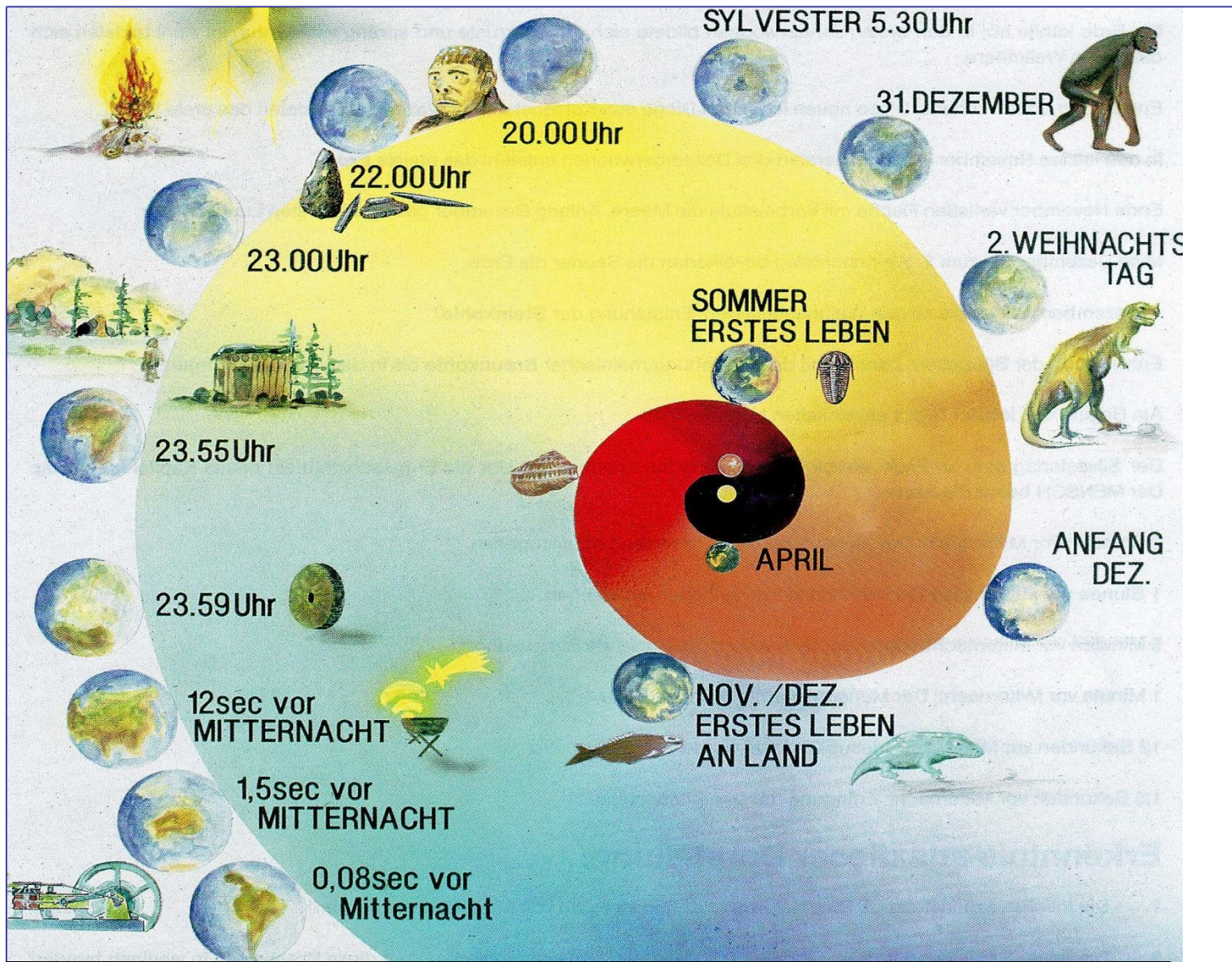
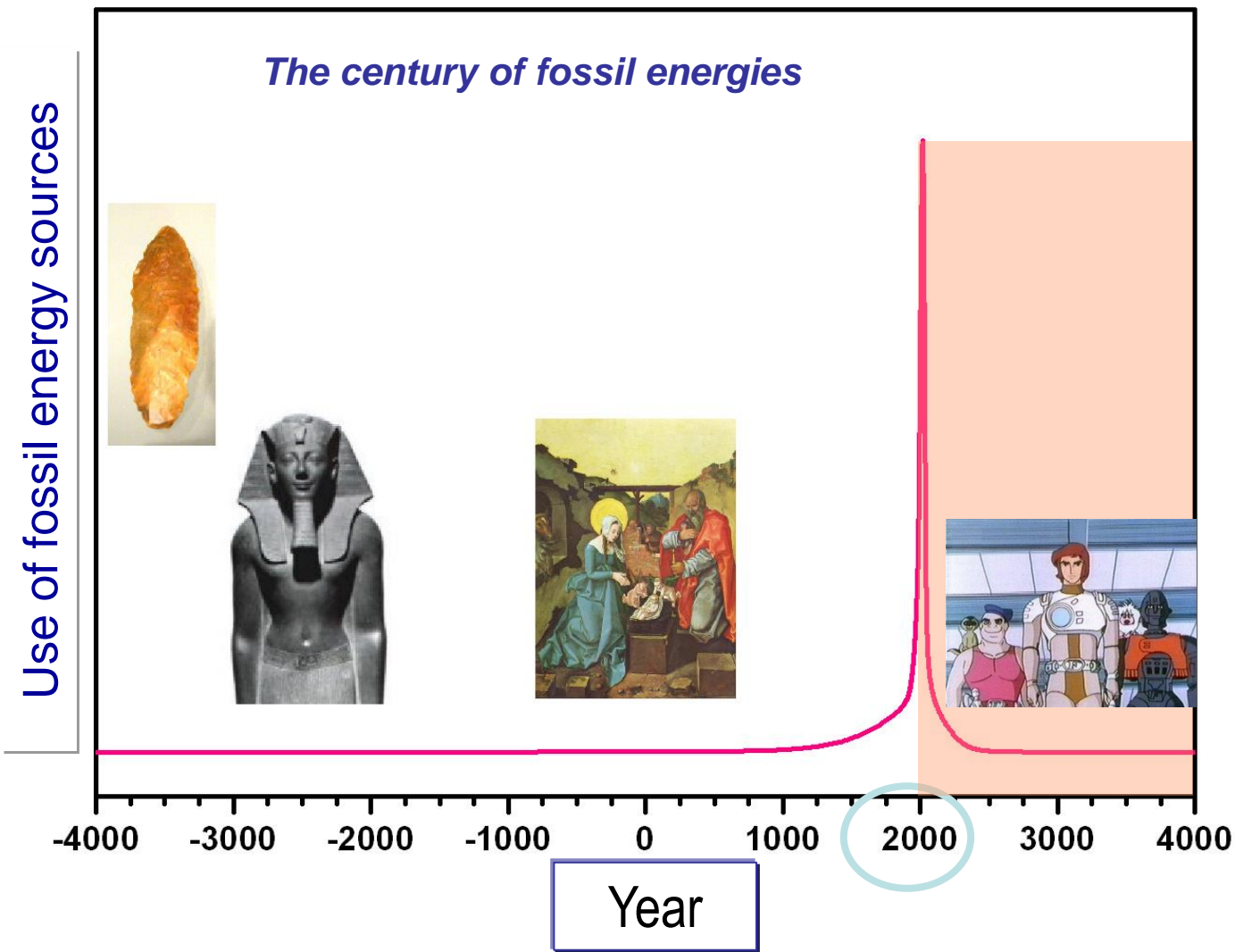


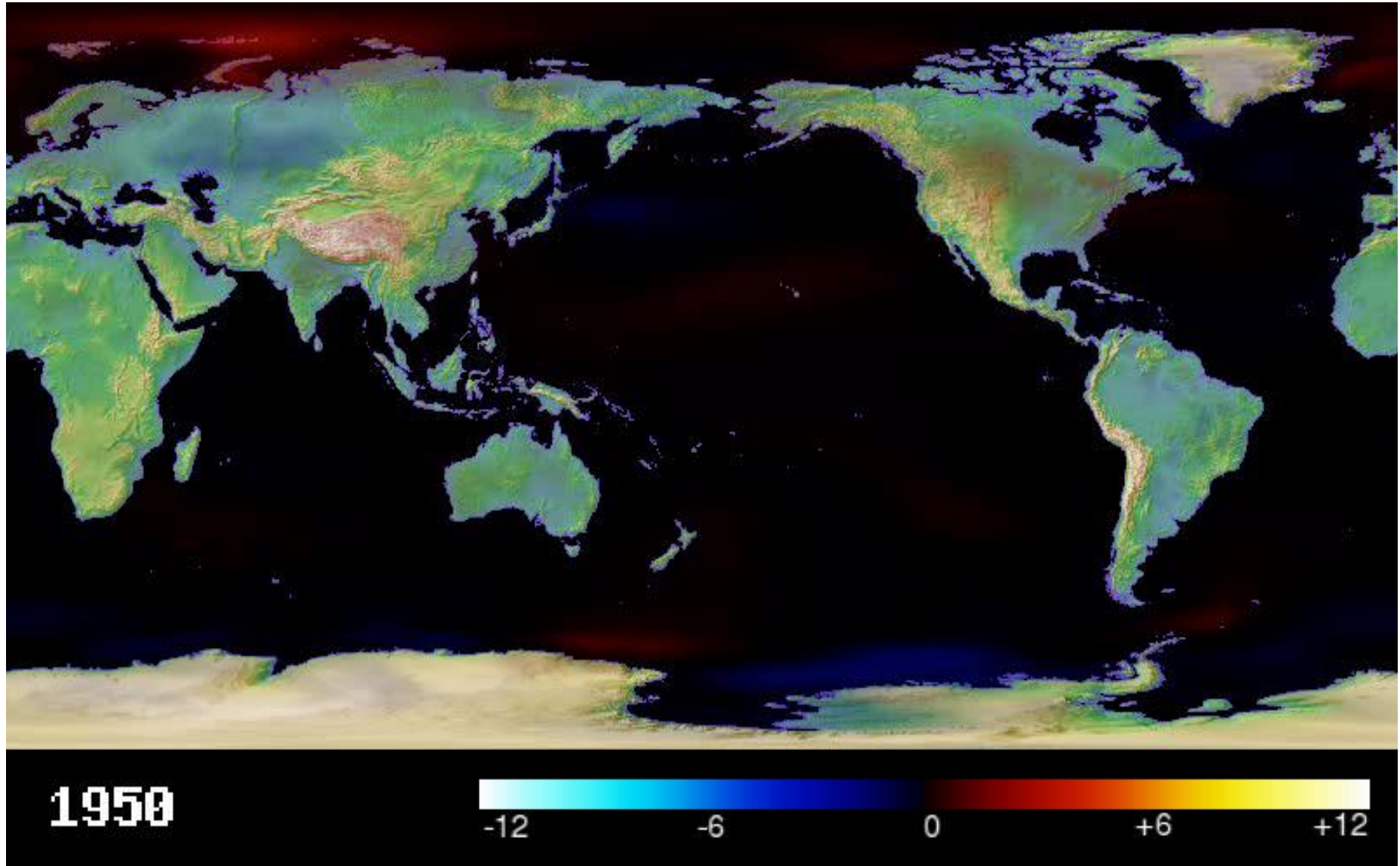
## *A3PS Conference 2015*

*„Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies –  
Elements of a sustainable Energy Economy“*

Dr. Johannes Töpler  
German Hydrogen- and Fuel-Cell-Association, (DWV)





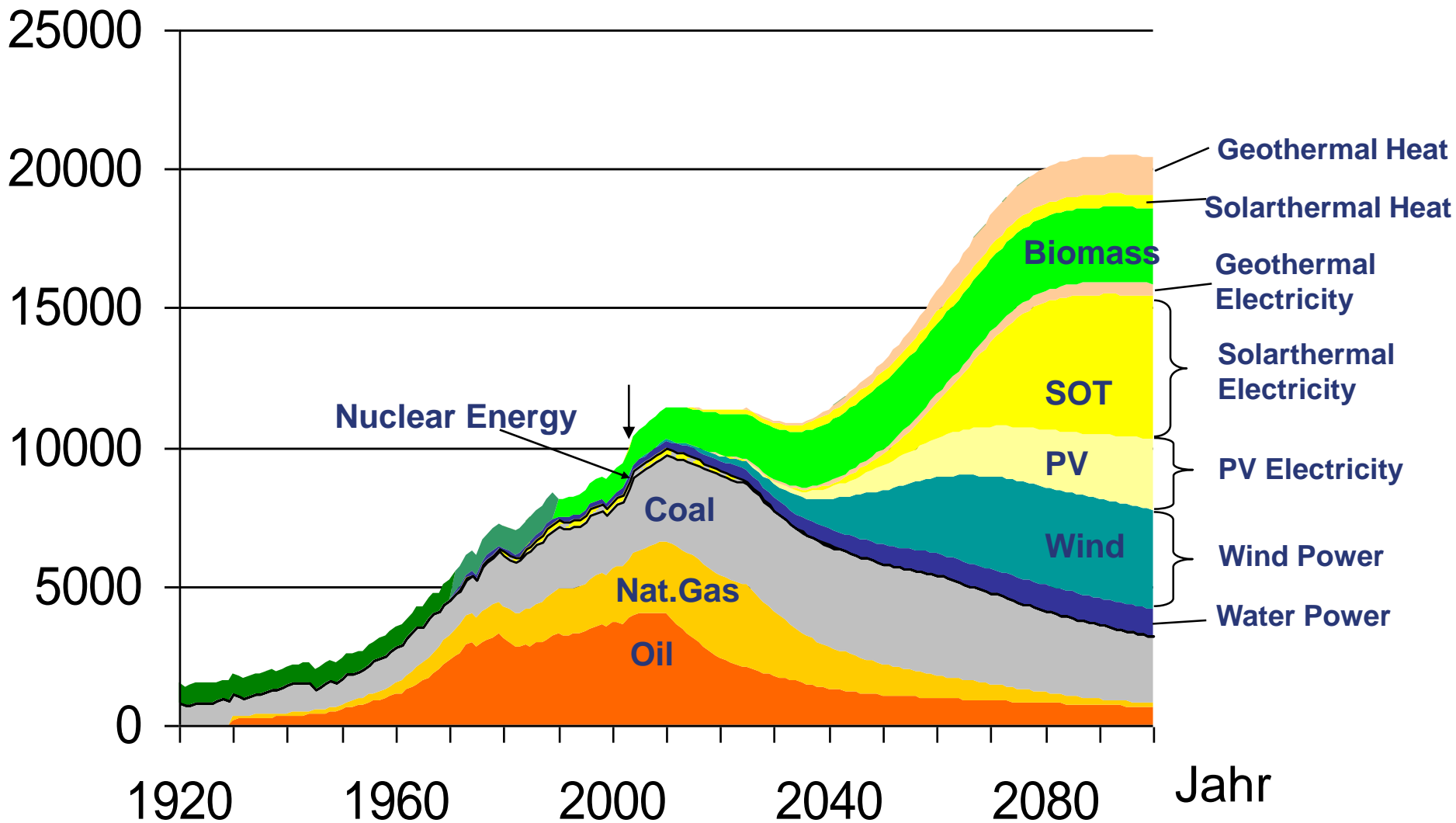


*„ We should leave the oil,  
before it will leave us“*

*(Fatih Birol, Chief-Economist of  
International Energie-Agency, IEA,  
8.April 2008)*

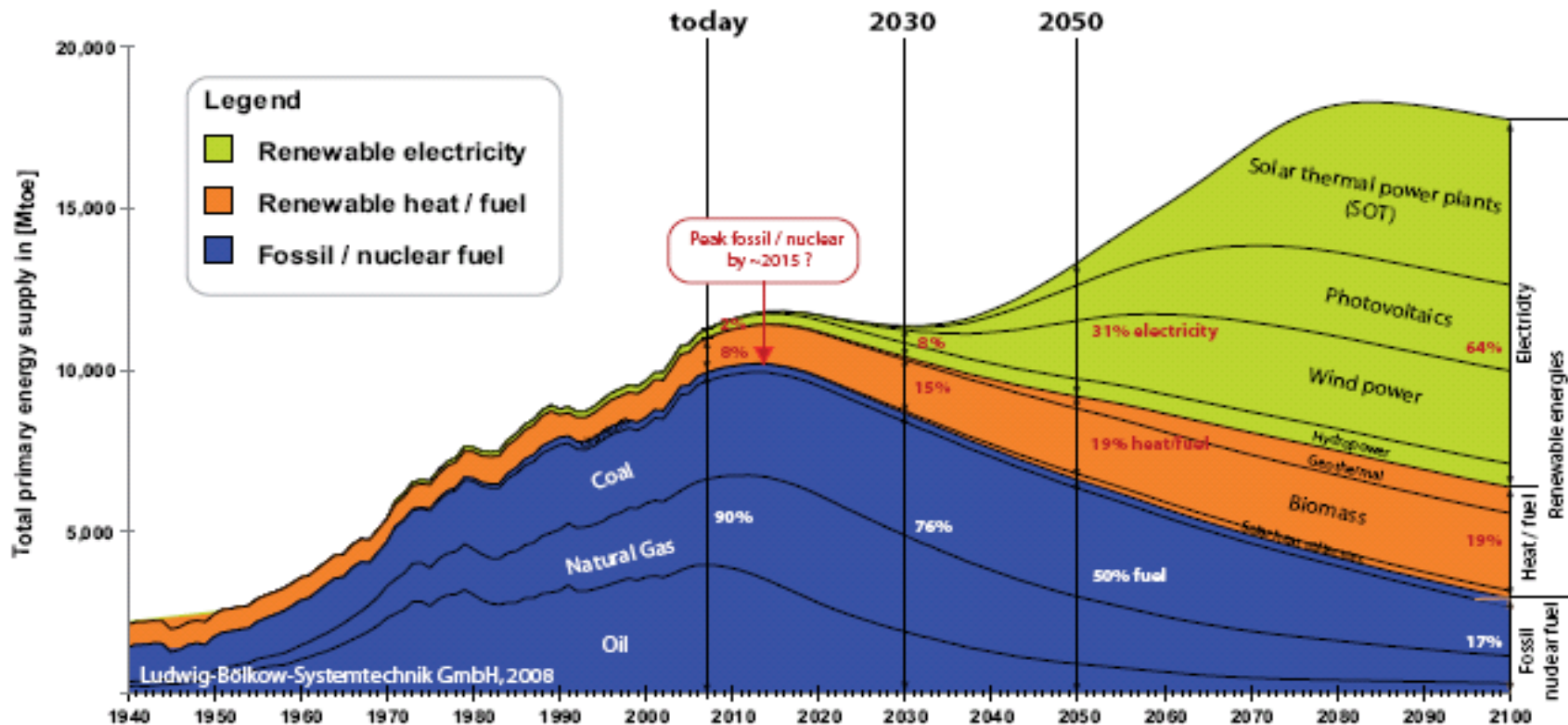
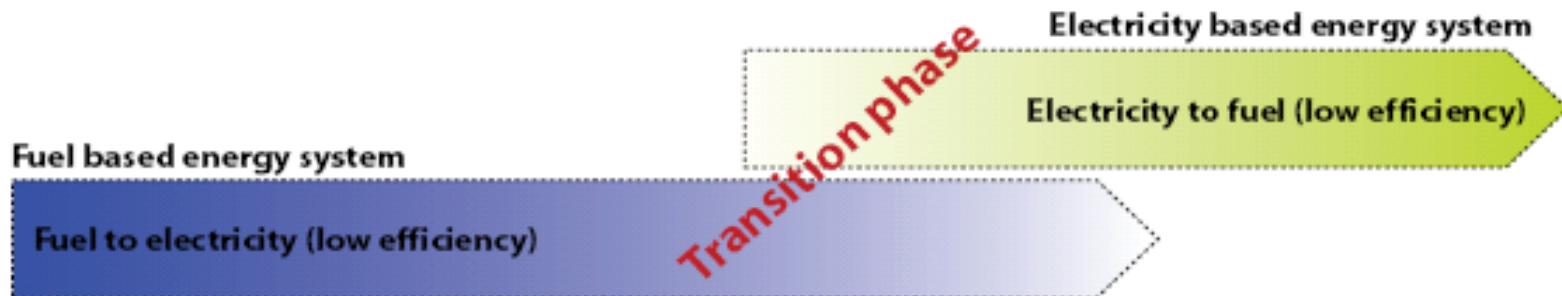


Mtoe [Millions of Tons of Oil Equivalent]



Quelle: LBST Alternative World Energy Outlook 2005

# Future primary energy supply



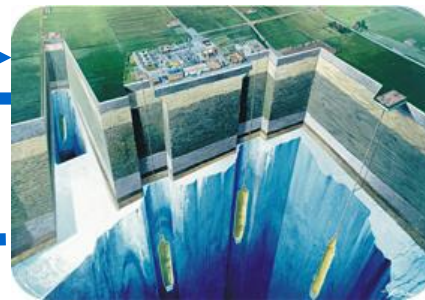
# Hydrogen as secondary energy carrier



Electricity Hydrogen  
■ ■



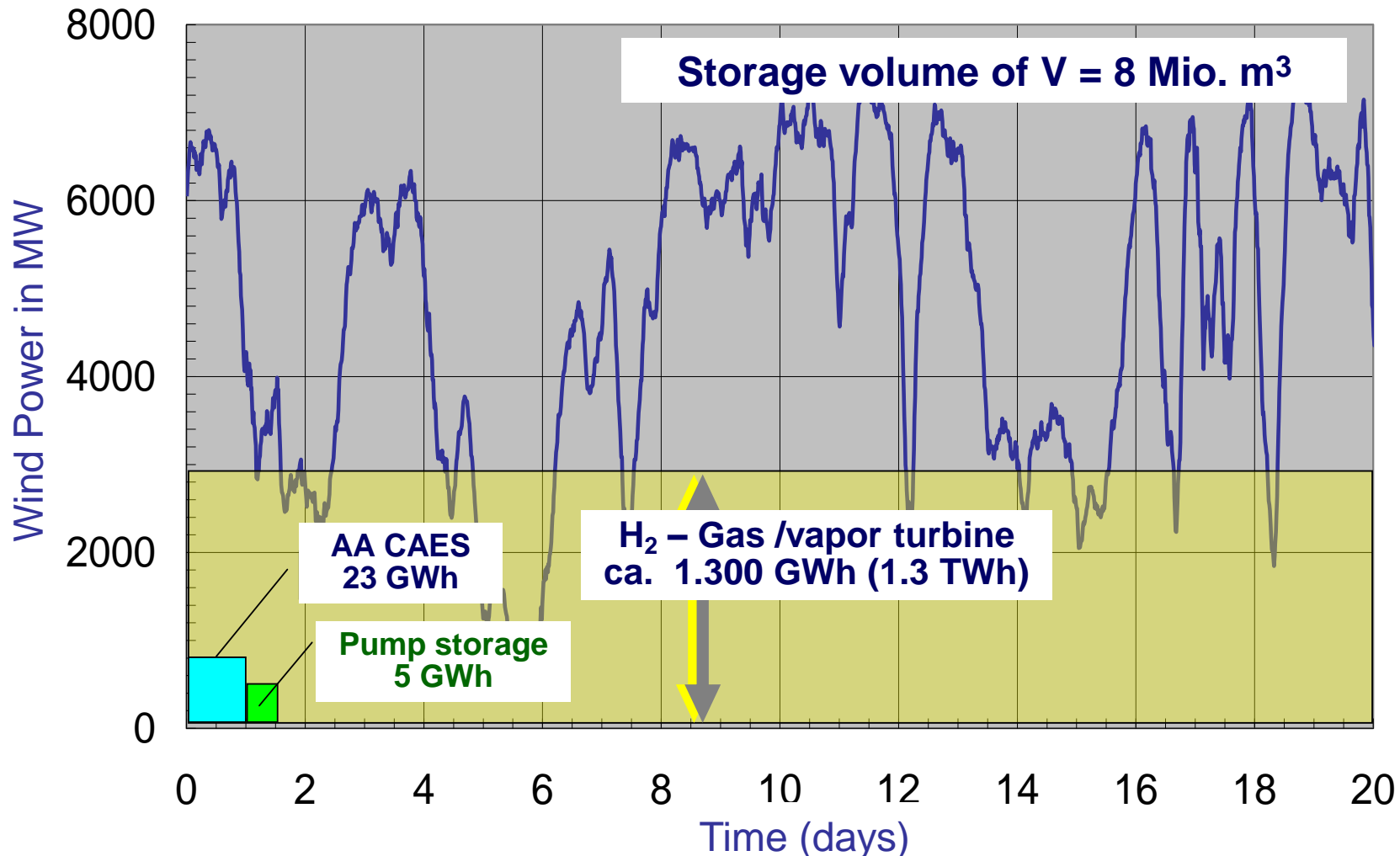
or:



Or: Methanisation  
(Sabatier-process)

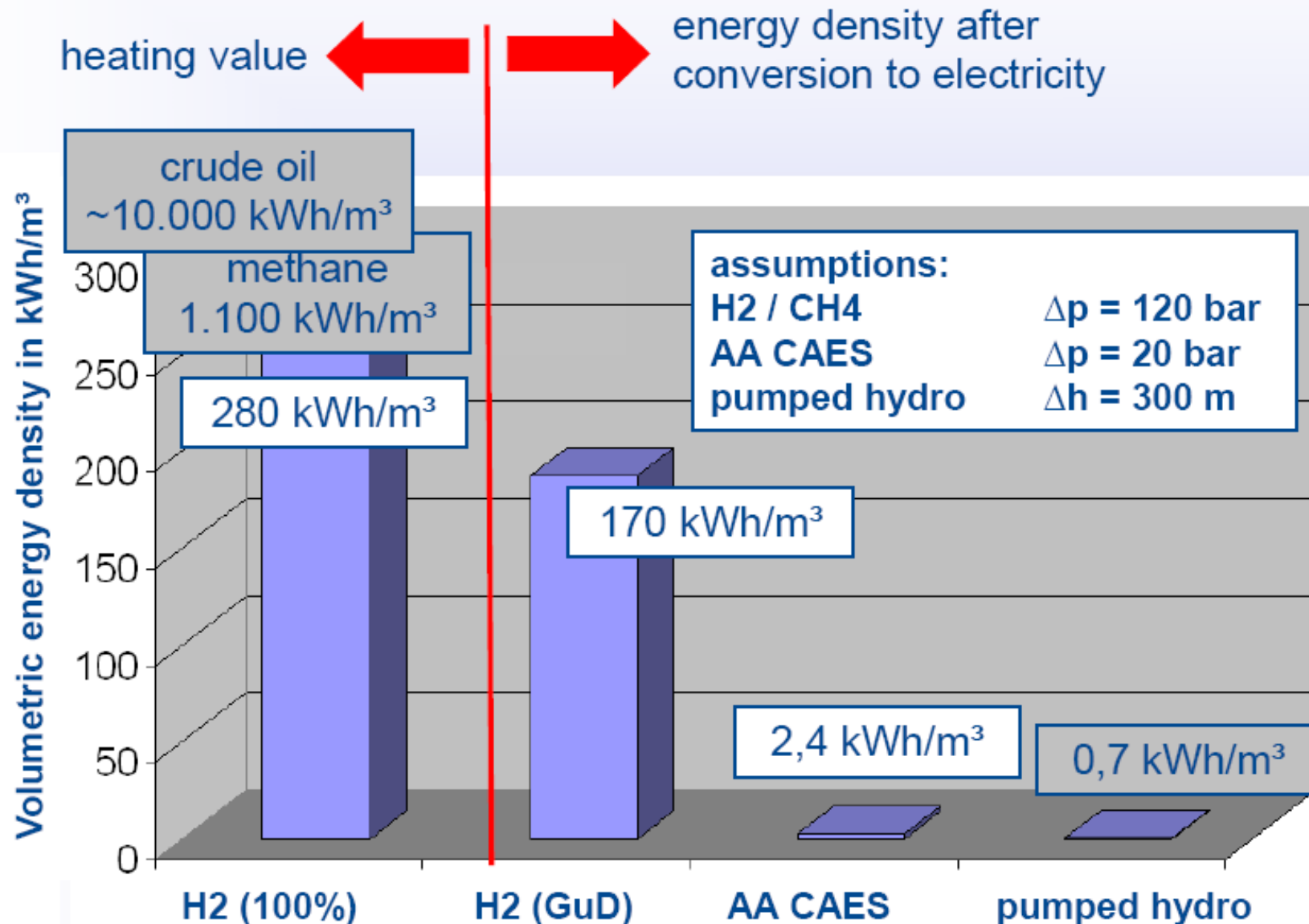


Source: KBB UT

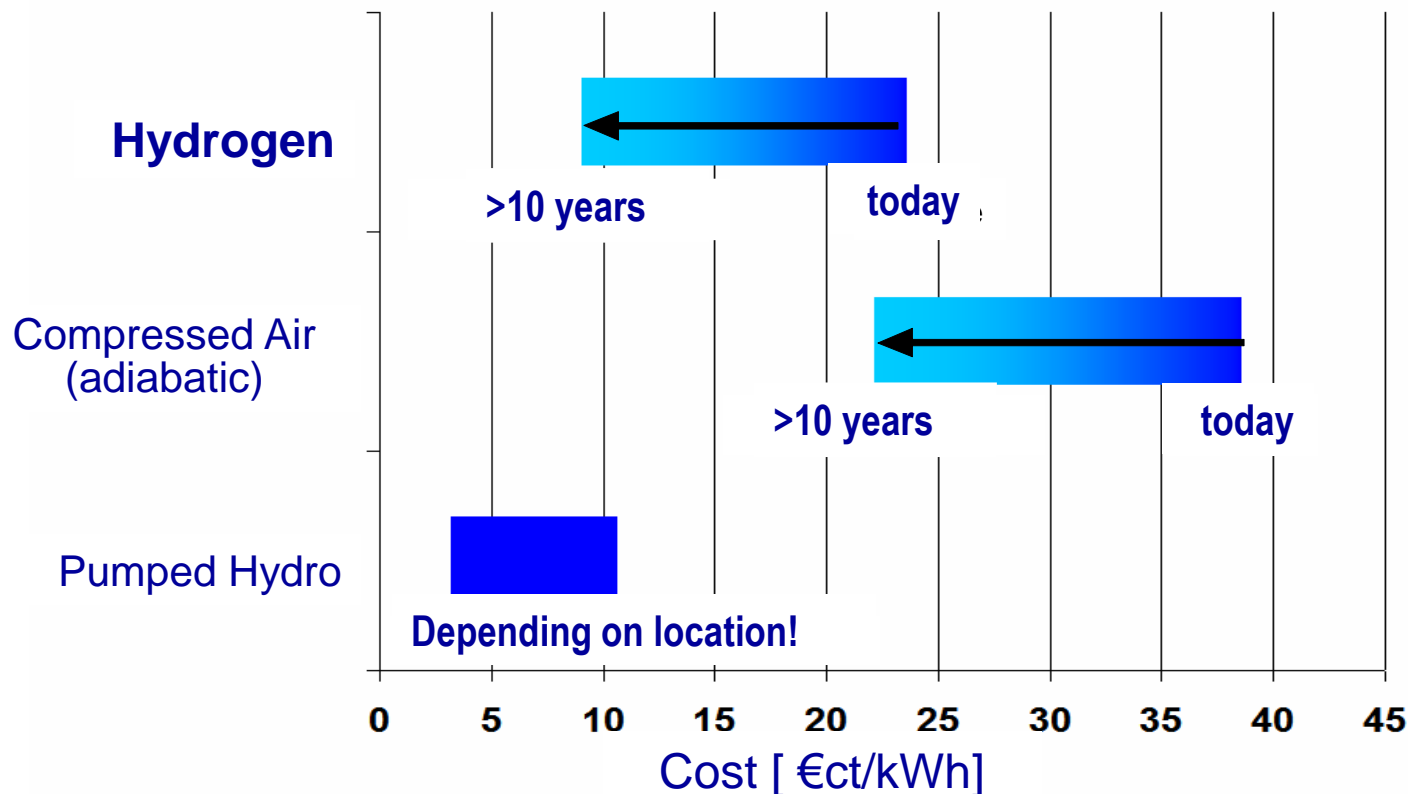


8 Mio.  $\text{m}^3$  correspond to the biggest German natural gas caverne field  
 For comparison: Pump storage Goldisthal has a Volume of 12 Mio.  $\text{m}^3$

Source:



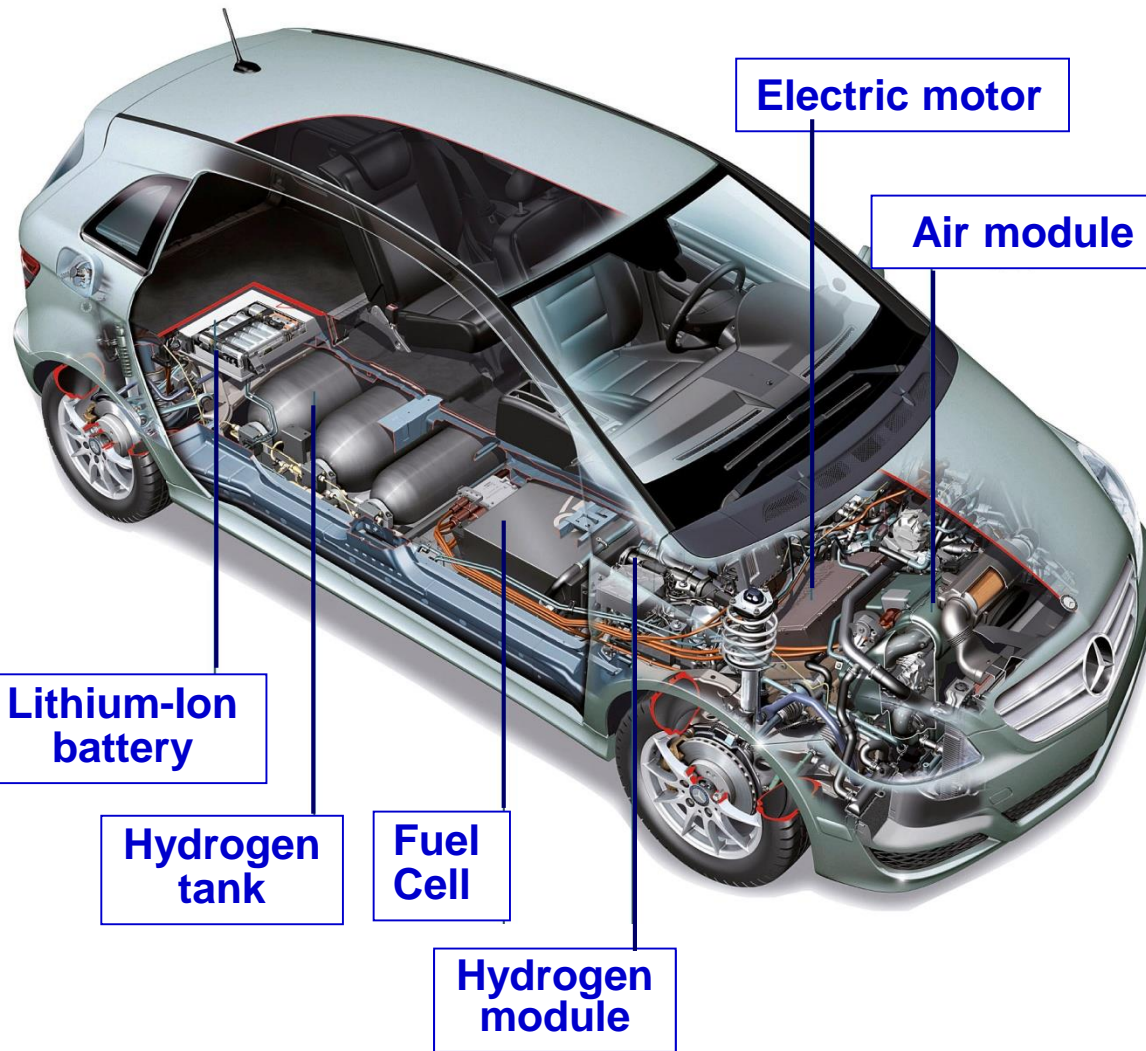
500 MW for 200 hours (100 GWh), 2 cycles per month



Only costs for storage; the costs for purchase of energy are to be added..

## Consequence:

- Renewable energies need storage-systems for basic power supply
- Large quantities of energy can be stored only by means of chemical energy
- Hydrogen makes renewable primary energies ready for basic power supply

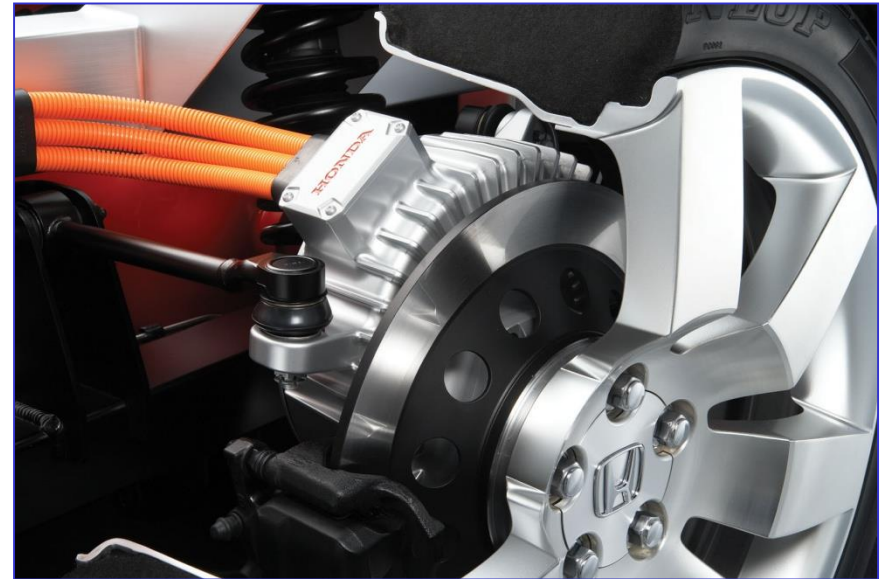


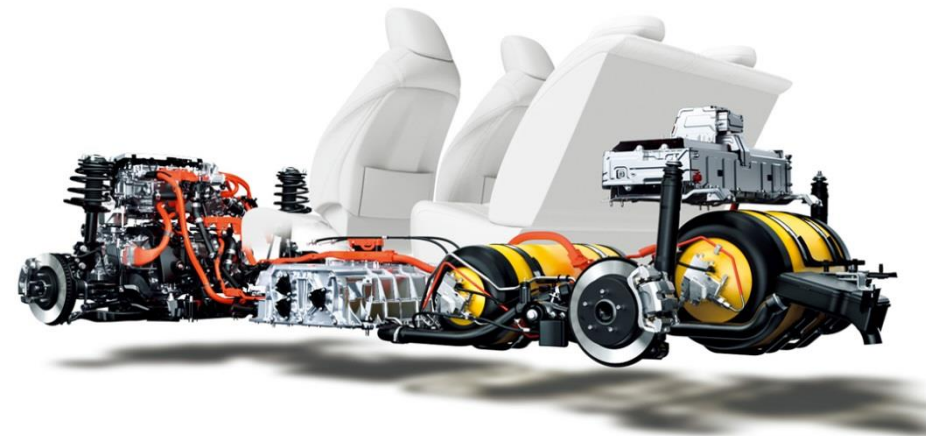
## Essential Facts

- 1) Vehicle is constructed, fabricated and approved under serial conditions.
- 2) It was tested by a turn of 125 days around the world with 30.000km

**Start of serial production of  
Fuel-Cell cars at Daimler in 2017**







# „Phileas-Bus“ in Cologne in daily use in public traffic

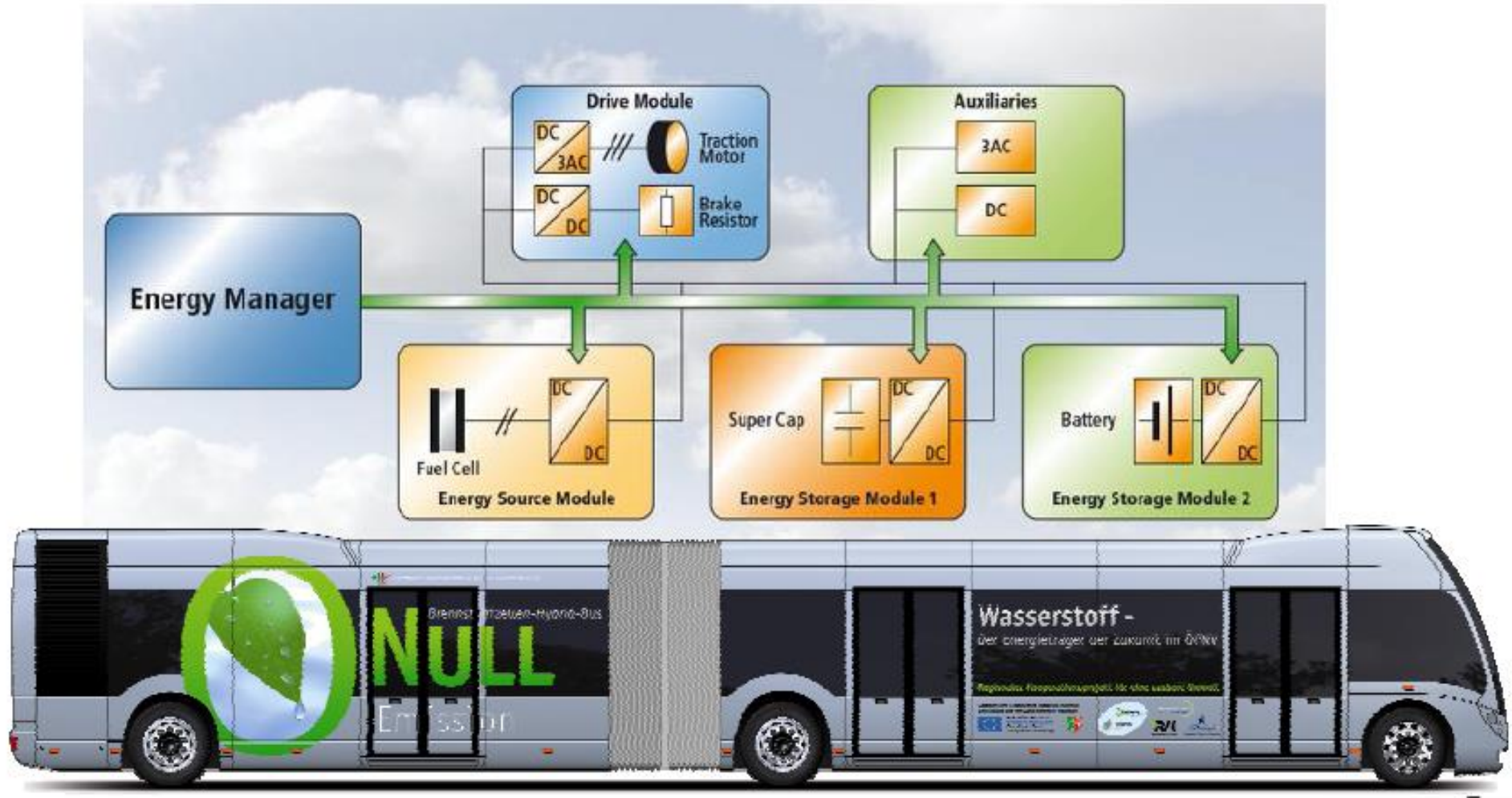


Source: HyCologne -Wasserstoff  
Region Rheinland

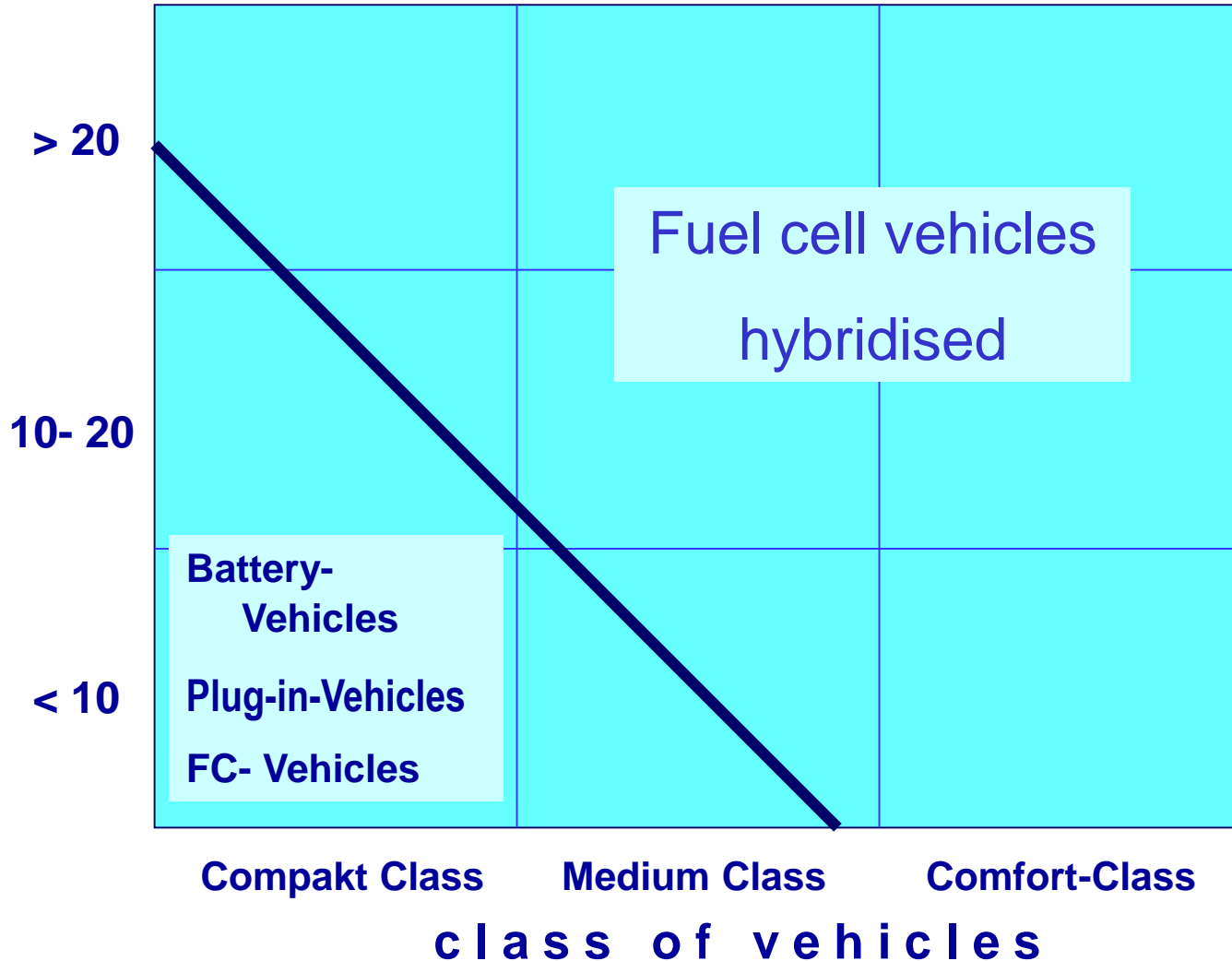


# H2-Bus NRW - Innovative Fuel Cell Hybrid Buses

## Hybrid fuel cell electric drive technology concept



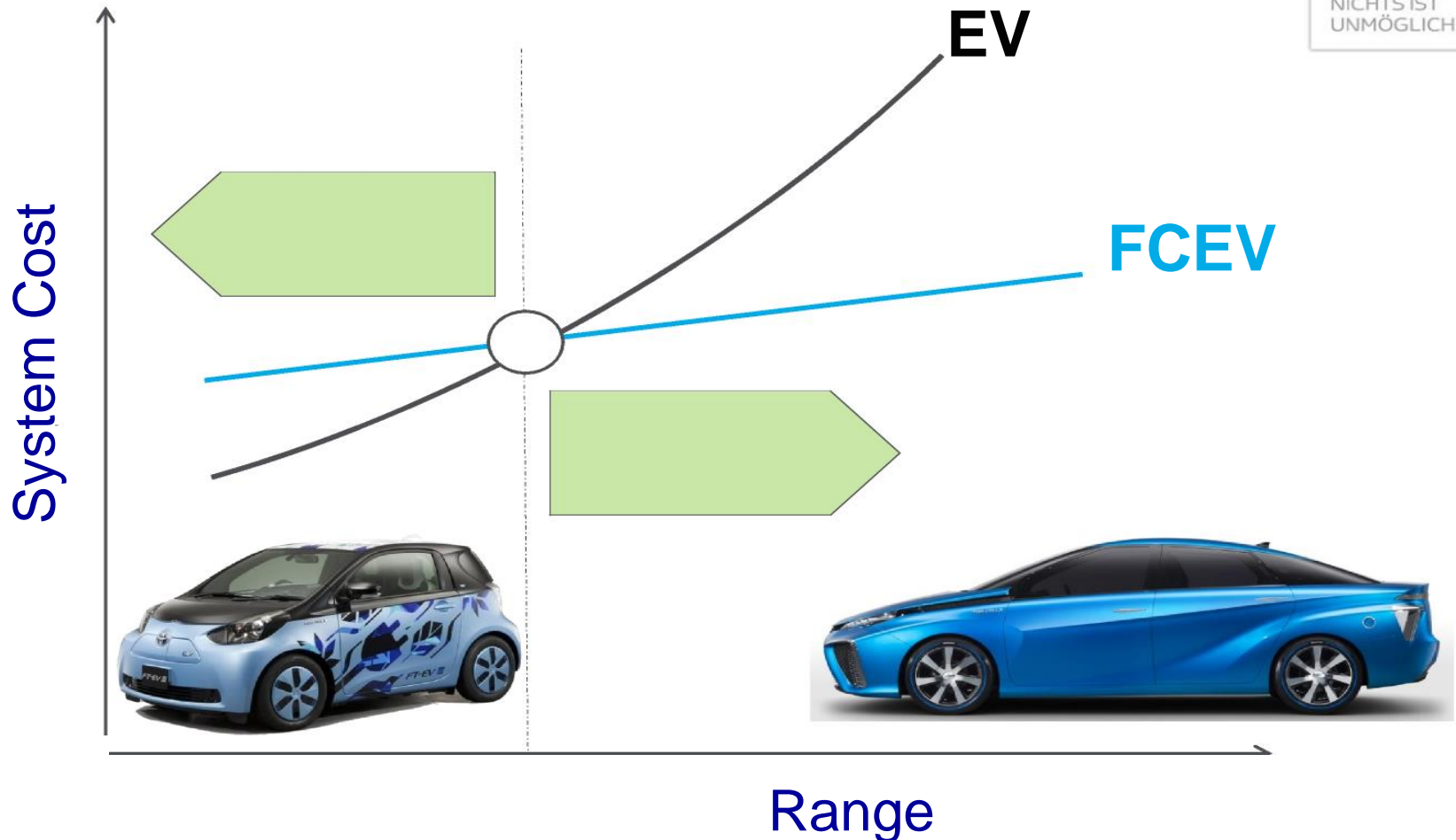
Annual range (1000 km)



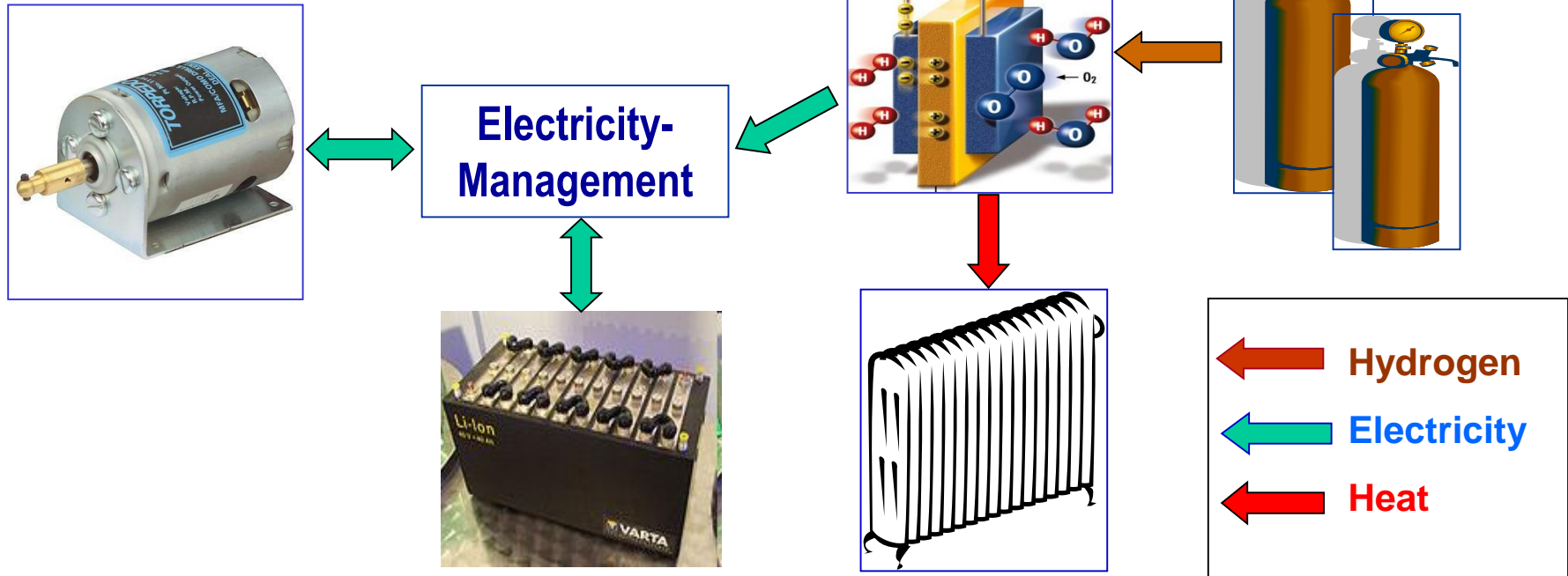
# Comparison of system cost battery-electric vehicle / FC-vehicle



NICHTS IST  
UNMÖGLICH

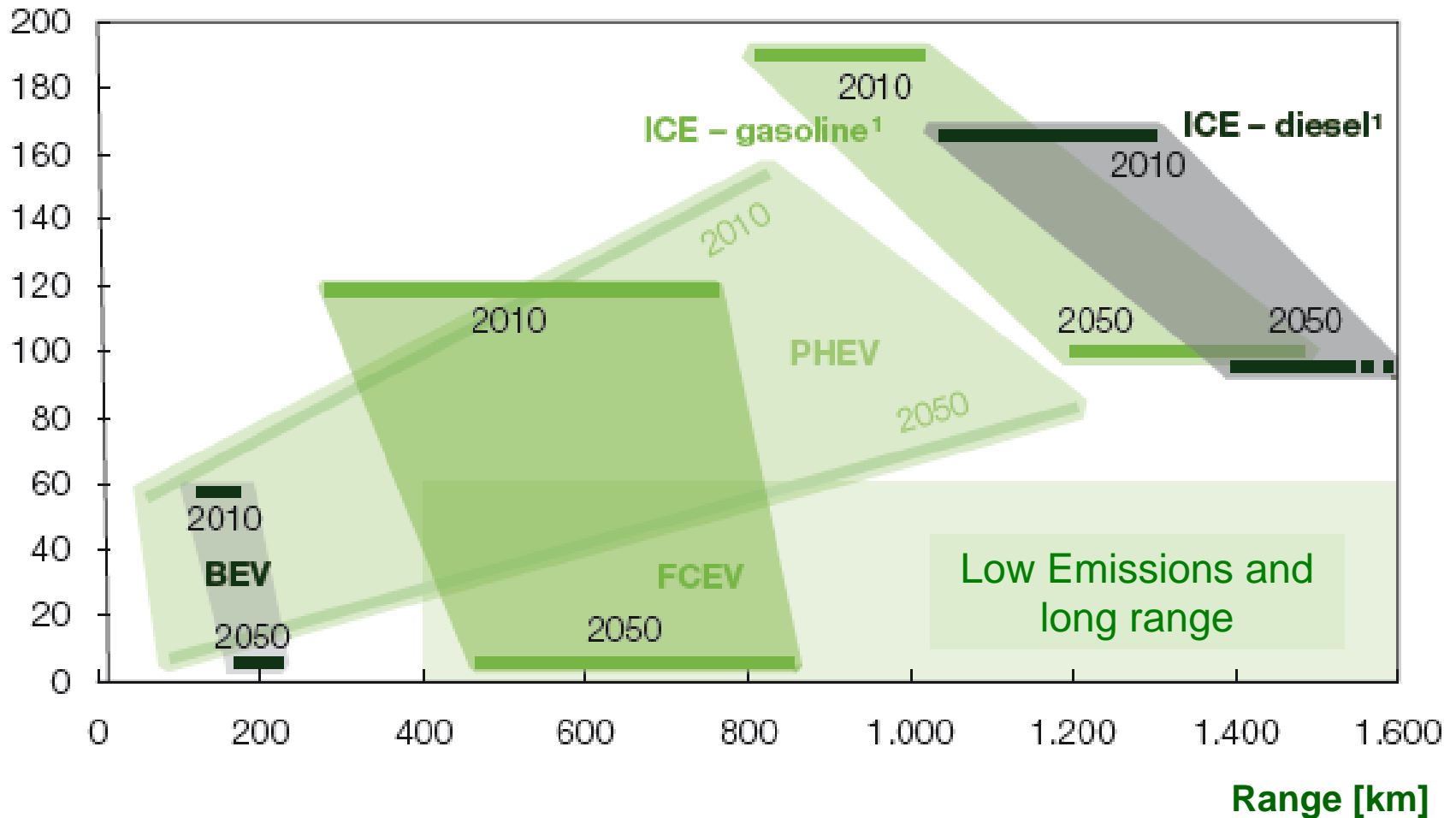


# Powertrain of a H<sub>2</sub>/FC-hybrid-vehicle



### CO<sub>2</sub>-Emissions

gCO<sub>2</sub> / km



*Consequence:*

*Hydrogen*

- introduces renewable energies into mobility,
- enables electric vehicles to reach long distances
- and makes mobility CO<sub>2</sub>-free.

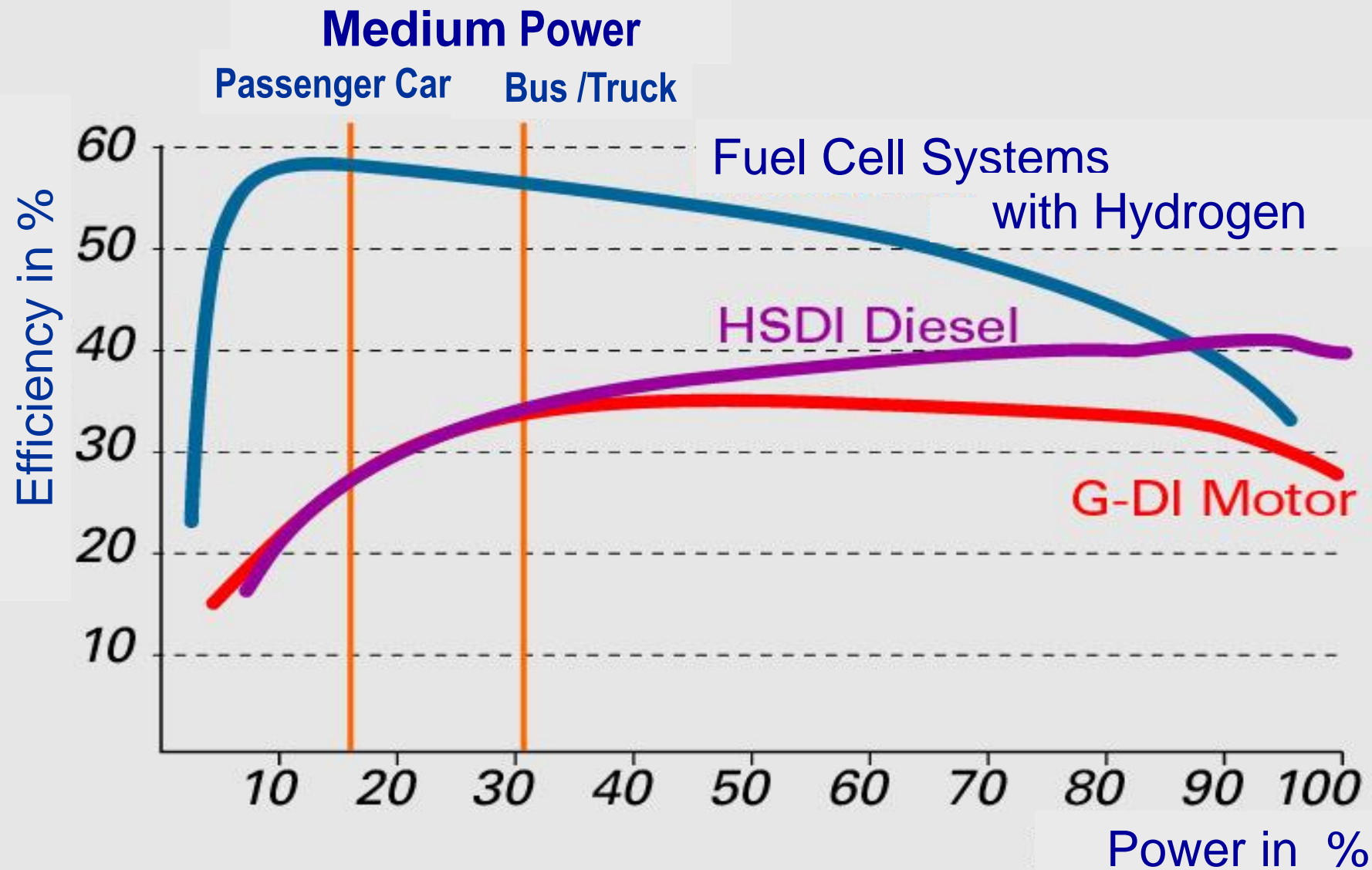
# Hydrogen and fuel cells in materials handling vehicles



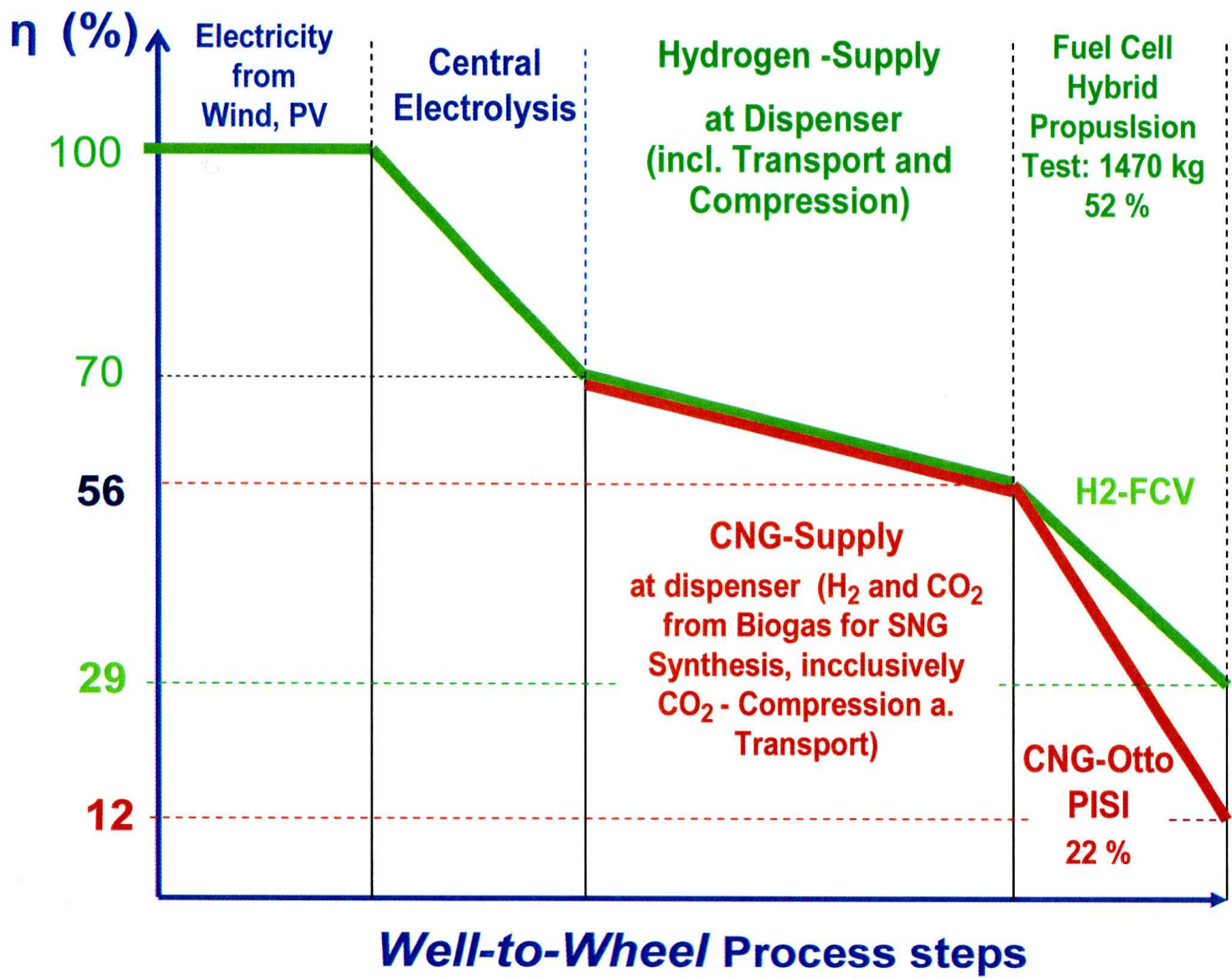
# *Electric bicycle with H<sub>2</sub>/FC-System*

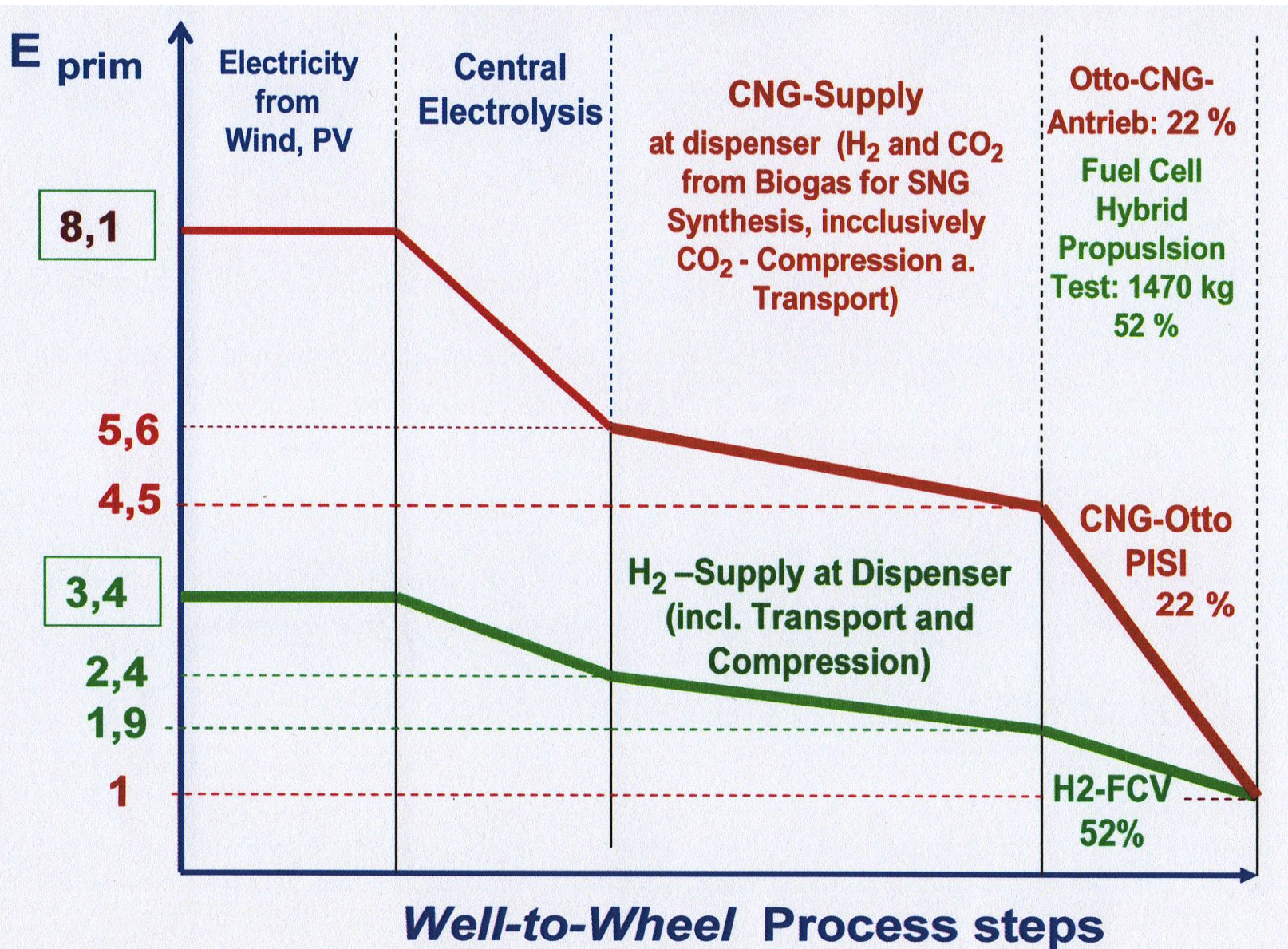






W-t-W with renewable electricity : H<sub>2</sub> or CNG for mobile application of passenger cars in NEDC





Treffen Sie Ihre Wahl



Energiequelle



Kraftstoff



Fahrzeuge

Kraftstoff



Erdgas



Druckerdgas



Druckwasserstoff



Dimethyläther (DME)



See:

<http://www2.daimler.com/sustainability/optiresource/index.html>

Resultate 2010



Energieverbrauch

Treibhausgasemissionen

Referenz: Benzinfahrzeug der Kompaktklasse

Liter Benzinäquivalent pro 100 km

g CO<sub>2</sub>-Äquivalent pro km



Erdgas



Pipeline 1000 km, Kompression vor O<sub>2</sub>



Druckerdgas



Ottomotor (konventionell-PiSt) - Zweislotfsystem



Komplette Kette Nur F-ahrzeug  
6,5 5,9

Komplette Kette Nur F-ahrzeug  
124 108



Sonne



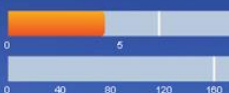
Stromerzeugung, Stromnetz, Elektrolyse + H<sub>2</sub> Kompression vor O<sub>2</sub>



Druckwasserstoff



Hybrid-Brennstoffzelle

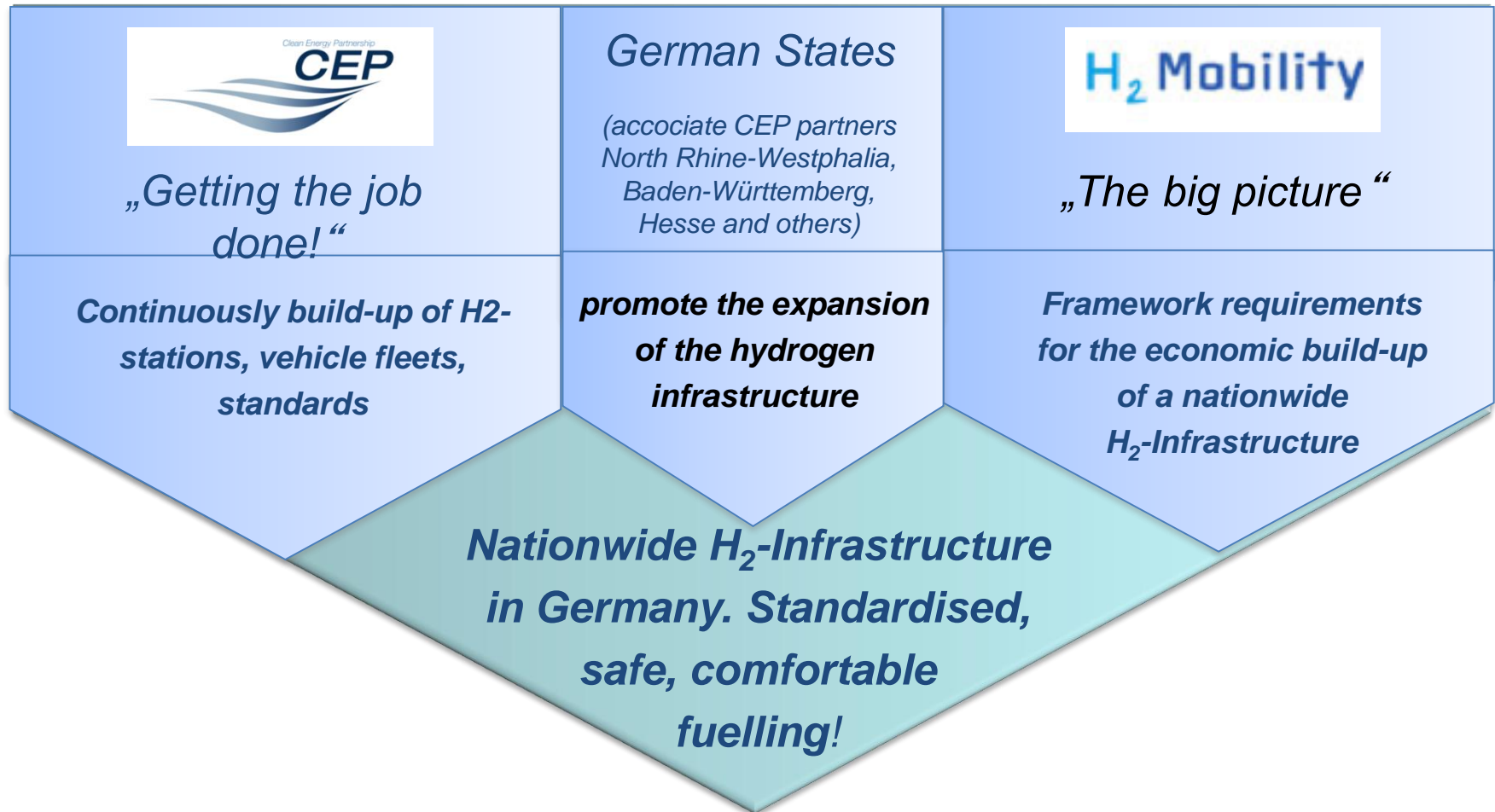


Komplette Kette Nur F-ahrzeug  
4,3 2,6

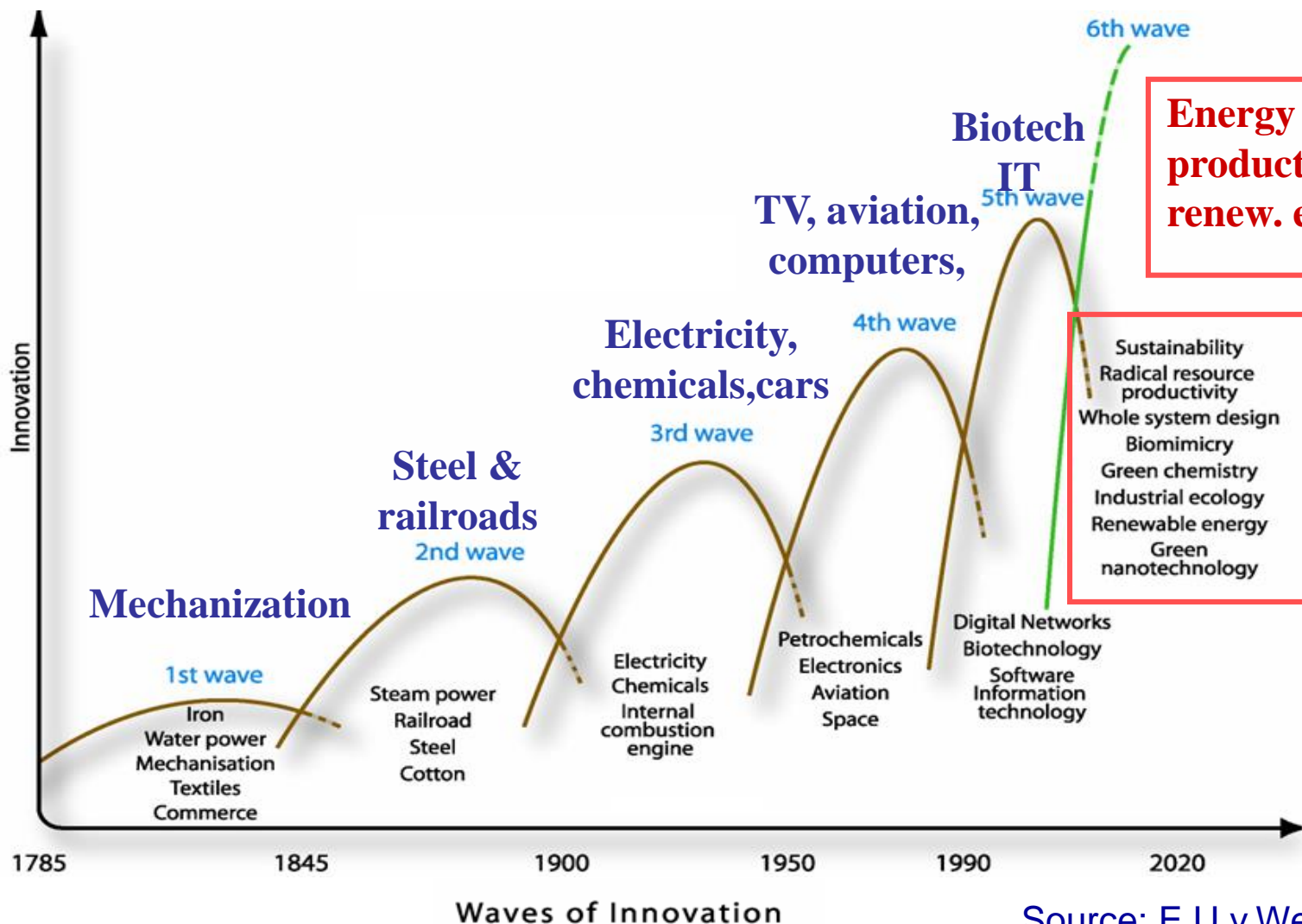
Komplette Kette Nur F-ahrzeug  
0 0

- In June 2012 the German Ministry of Transport and industry partners resolved to expand the network of filling stations to **50 stations by 2016**
- Germany will be the world's first country with a basic supply network
- CEP created the technical preconditions that are now being built on





# The sixth Kondratjew: Energy productivity (after Charlie Hargroves, Brisbane, Australia)



**Energy productivity, renew. energy**

Sustainability  
Radical resource productivity  
Whole system design  
Biomimicry  
Green chemistry  
Industrial ecology  
Renewable energy  
Green nanotechnology

- *The laws of nature and the laws of mankind (especially those of a completely free economy) are not in harmony.*
- *It is not to be expected, that the laws of nature will adapt to those of mankind.*
- *Mankind can only survive, when it fits in with the laws of nature and does not affect the oecological system as a whole or in any of its parts*
- *The future will be ethic or it will not be!*



**Thank you very much for your attention!**

**And see us occasionally at  
[www.dwv-info.de](http://www.dwv-info.de)!**

**Which are the questions  
I can answer at first?**

For further details would like to  
inform you about this book

